



P.K.M. COLLEGE OF EDUCATION

MADAMPAM, KAITHAPRAM P. O., KANNUR – 670 631

(Govt. Aided Teacher Education Institution affiliated to Kannur University)

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2.3.4: ICT support is used by students in various learning situations such as

- 1. Understanding theory courses**
- 2. Practice teaching**
- 3. Internship**
- 4. Out of class room activities**
- 5. Biomechanical and Kinesiological activities**
- 6. Field sports**

DEMONSTRATION LESSON PLAN-SOCIAL SCIENCE



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RECORD OF DEMONSTRATION & CRITICISM LESSON PLAN

B.Ed. Course 2022-2024

Name of the Student Teacher: AMAL TOMY
Register Number : PM22ED55018
Optional Subject : SOCIAL SCIENCE

Certified that this is a bonafide record of

Amal Tomy

Signature [Signature]
Name of faculty Member: De Veera
Date: 21/11/23

[Signature]
Signature of the Principal

PRINCIPAL
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INDEX

Demonstration Lesson Plans

SL.NO	TITLE	PAGE.NO
1	Demonstration Lesson Plan 1	
2	Demonstration Lesson Plan 2	
3	Demonstration Lesson Plan 3	
4	Demonstration Lesson Plan 4	
5	Demonstration Lesson Plan 5	

Criticism Lesson Plans

SL.NO	TITLE	PAGE.NO
1	Criticism Lesson Plan 1	
2	Criticism Lesson Plan 2	
3	Criticism Lesson Plan 3	
4	Criticism Lesson Plan 4	
5	Criticism Lesson Plan 5	
6	Criticism Lesson Plan 6	
7	Criticism Lesson Plan 7	
8	Criticism Lesson Plan 8	
9	Criticism Lesson Plan 9	



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SIXTH MILE, RAIPUR

DEMONSTRATION LESSON PLAN




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KATHIRAMANGALAM
SRI LANKA

General Information

Name of the Teacher: Amal Tomy

Subject: Social Science

Name of the School : Maryland HSS Madampam

Unit: Population,migration,settlement

Standard : IX

Topic: Settlement

Division : C

Date : 31/07/2023

Strength : 40

Duration : 40 Minute

6

Content Overview	Settlement- rural settlement-urban settlement
Content Analysis	
Terms	Nuclear settlement, dispersed settlement, linear pattern, circular pattern, star tetanuran settlement,4000 per square kilometer,75 percentage
Facts	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• It is estimated that man started agricultural practices about 12000 Years back.• he clusters of permaneni or temporary human habitats of different sizes are termed Settlements• Human settlements can be classified into two types based on population as well as their major economic activity. (Rural settlements , Urban settlements)



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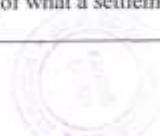
- Places with comparatively low population where the people largely depend on agriculture for their livelihood is called rural Settlements
- Houses are usually constructed using locally Available raw materials.
- Based on their distribution pattern, there are two types of rural settlements.(nucleated settlements,dispersed settlement.)
- In places with favourable conditions, houses are seen in close vicinity Of each other. Such places of human Habitation are called nucleated settlements.
- The settlements where houses are located farther apart are called dispersed settlement.
- There are some places where the settlements are neither fully Nucleated nor dispersed. Such settlements are called semi-Clustered settlements.
- Based on the favourable factors such as accessibility, availability of water etc. nucleated settlements take different shapes.
- Settlement pattern that develops parallel To features such as roads, rivers, Coastlines,is called linear pattern.
- Settlement pattern that develops around Features such as water bodies, pastures, Places of worship, etc. Is called circular pattern
- Settlement pattern that develops at places Where different roads converge is called star pattern.
- The settlements that generally have a high population which is mostly dependent on non-agricultural sectors are called urban Settlements.
- Urban settlements are mostly nucleated settlements.
- The urban population of India is 31.16% as per the 2011 census.
- In India, Population above 5000.Density of population above 400 per square kilometre.
- 75% or more of the population should be engaged in non Agricultural activities.
- Urban centres can also be classified based on their major functions.
- There has been a manifold increase in the migration from rural to urban areas
- The rate of urbanisation is very rapid in Developing countries including India



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Concept	Settlement: it refers to a place where people live and interact with each other.
Learning Objectives	To compare the types of settlements and their characteristics and importance
Specific Learning Objectives	
Knowledge	To know about the settlement
Process Skill	Interpret – Define what as settlement means? Find out- Find out the Problems faced by urban centres
Attitude	To develop a healthy settlement, to bring an awareness about the demerits of and scientific urban settlement. To make a chart showing different kinds of settlements, draw a picture showing urban and rural settlement
Creativity	College Making -Types of settlement
Learning Strategies	Lecture method, discussion method, question-answer method
Previous Knowledge	Student should have a basic understanding of what a settlement is and its importance for human habitation.




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Learning Material	Ppt: settlement slide
Learning Outcome	Understand the difference between rural and urban settlements.

Learning Activity	Evaluation
<p>Introduction</p> <p>Good morning students hope you are all keeping fine. Can I ask you something? Where you are coming from? Is it a village or a town? What are some of the features of your dwelling place? Today we are discussing about settlement and features and types.</p> <p>Learning Activity-1</p> <p>Divide the class into groups and tell any one of them after group discussion about two types of settlement.</p> <p>Summarisation</p> <p>There are mainly two types of a settlements Urban settlement and rural settlement.</p>	<p>The class was able to start as intended and the children were listening carefully to what they were saying</p> <p>The activity given by the children was well done</p>




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Learning Activity-2

Bring 10 to 15 students in front of the class and tell them to demonstrate different types of rural settlement patterns.

Summarisation

There are mainly Three Types of rural settlement patters. They are linear cylindrical and star.

Learning Activity 3

Divide the class into two groups. And conduct a debate on merits and demerits of urbanization.

Summarisation

Some of the merits of urbanization are: developed infrastructure, improved living condition, higher standard of living, more depends on non-agricultural sector

Some of the demerits are: pollution, traffic problem, slums etc.

Recapitolization

- what is mean by settlement?
- what do you mean by urbanization?
- what is the difference between Urban and rural settlement?
- what are the demerits of urbanization?




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DISTRICT, KERALA

Follow up activity

Content based:

Write a short note on urbanisation

Activity based:

Make a chart showing different patterns of rural settlement.

Reflection

Was able to manage the class by interacting with the children in a good way




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